



PDSA: Increase the recording of patient allergies and allergy reaction in your clinical records.

If allergies and adverse reactions are not captured as structured data within your clinical information system, you may miss contraindications if you are prescribing, and important information about the severity of a reaction.

Note that under the *RACGP Standards*, practices must keep a record of known allergies for at least 90% of their active patient health records (Criterion QI2.1 – Health Summaries reads: "Our active patient health records contain a record of each patient's known allergies.") If a patient has no known allergies, a practitioner must verify this with the patient and then record 'no known allergies'.

To improve the data on allergies and adverse reactions, you should first differentiate between the two when you enter the patient's information in your clinical information system. Second, you should code the severity of the reaction and the nature of the reaction. You can use POLAR to track the percentage of patients that have their allergy status or allergy reaction recorded. Walrus Tool will also prompt you at the point of care if the patient does not have their allergy status recorded.

There are a number of ways to collect this information:

- New patient form
- Existing patient details update form
- Using a check-in Kiosk prompt
- Walrus Tool Prompts at the point of care.

Clinic:	Date:
Title:	Number:
Goal: What is the overall goal you wish to achieve?	

Increase the number of patients who have their allergy status and reaction status recorded in the Clinical Information System.

Ideas: Increase the number of patients who have their allergy and allergy reaction status recorded by:

- Ensuring new patient registration form includes both questions
- Implementing an existing patient update form
- If using check in kiosk update to ask the question
- Educate all practice staff on how and why this is important.
- Implement Walrus Tool in your practice.

PLAN:

- 1) Organise a staff meeting to discuss ideas and how the practice will be implementing this PDSA
- 2) Collect baseline data from POLAR (see attached)
- 3) Implement ideas
- 4) Track changes in POLAR

List the tasks necessary to complete this	Person responsible	When	Where
test (what)	(who)		
Staff Meeting to discuss implementation			
Decide what you are going to implement to			
increase the measures. Either all or some of			
the ideas or you may have your own ideas			
that suit your practice.			
Collect baseline data from POLAR			
Ensure staff knows how to enter this			
information in your CIS (see instructions BP			
& MD)			

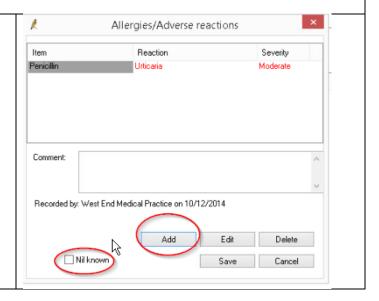




Run POLAR search monthly to track	
changes (see walkthrough attached)	
Feedback to Practice Staff	
What do you predict will happen?	
Allergy and Allergy reaction recording will increase.	
DO: Was the cycle carried out as planned? Yes No, if not why?	
STUDY: Record, analyse and reflect on results. Did the results match your predictions?	
ACT: Decide to Adopt, Adapt or Abandon.	
Select Describe	
Adopt Select changes to implement on	
a larger scale and develop an	
implementation plan and plan	
for sustainability.	
Adapt Improve the change and	
continue testing plan.	
What will be next PDSA cycle?	
Abandon Discard this change idea and try	
a different one.	

Recording allergy and allergy reaction in Best Practice Software:

In a patient file click on Allergies/Adverse Drug Reactions. You are able to add an allergy or record as nil known if there are no allergies.







If you add an allergy you will need to add the nature of Add reaction the reaction details in as well. Search: Drug class Item ACE Inhibitors O Ingredient Adenosine receptor agonists Aldose reductase inhibitors Alkylating antineoplastic agent O Specific product Alpha adrenergic blocker Alpha glucosidase inhibitors Aluminium containing compounds O Non drug Other Nature of reaction: Comment Cancel





